



# FIRST ORDER REPRESENTATIONS

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**Open Problems Session of the Workshop on  
*Control Theory: Mathematical Perspectives on Complex Networked Systems***

**Mathematisches Forschungsinstitut Oberwolfach**

**February 28, 2012**

## PDEs

$x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$       **independent variables,**  
 $w = (w_1, w_2, \dots, w_w)$       **dependent variables.**

$$P \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right) w = 0,$$

$$P \in \mathbb{R}^{\bullet \times w}[\xi_1, \xi_2, \dots, \xi_n],$$

$$\mathcal{B}_P := \left\{ w \in \mathbb{C}^0(\mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^w) \mid P \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2}, \dots, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} \right) w = 0 \right\}.$$

$\llbracket P_1 = P_2 \rrbracket \Rightarrow \llbracket \mathcal{B}_{P_1} = \mathcal{B}_{P_2} \rrbracket$ ,      **but not converse.**

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$$\mathcal{L} := \{ \mathcal{B} \mid \exists P \text{ such that } \mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B}_P \}.$$

## First order PDEs

$$P_0 w + P_1 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_1} w + P_2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x_2} w + \cdots + P_n \frac{\partial}{\partial x_n} w = 0.$$

### Examples:

▶ **Maxwell's equations,**

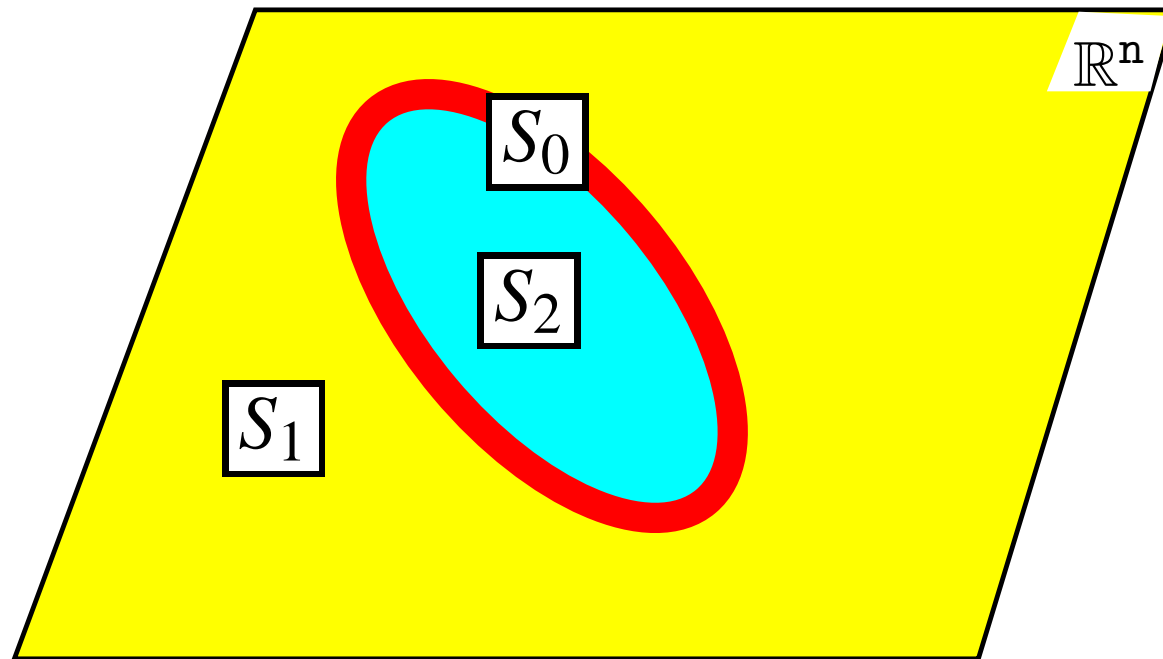
▶  $E \frac{d}{dt} w + F w = 0,$

▶  $\frac{d}{dt} f = A f + B u, y = C f + D u, w = (u, f, y).$

## OPEN PROBLEM

**What does first order say about  $\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{L}$  ?**

# Partition

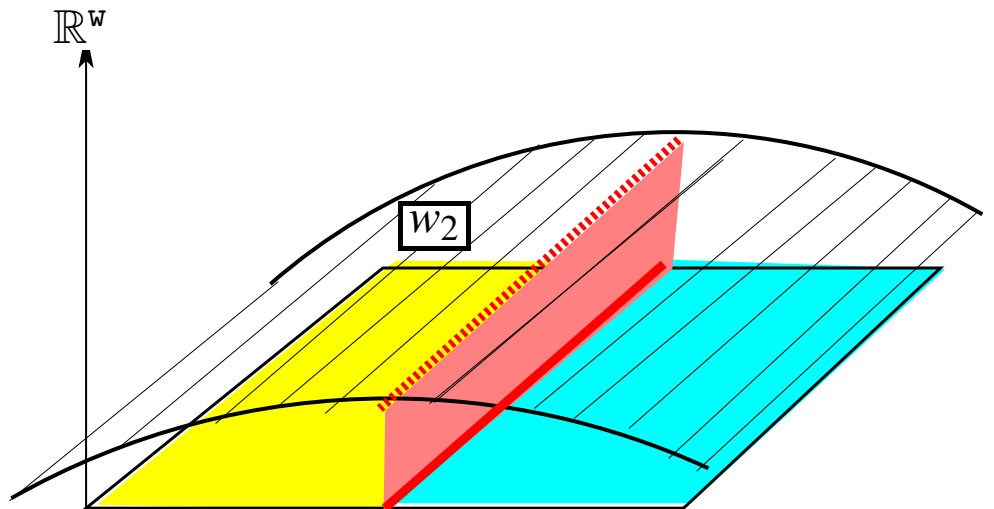
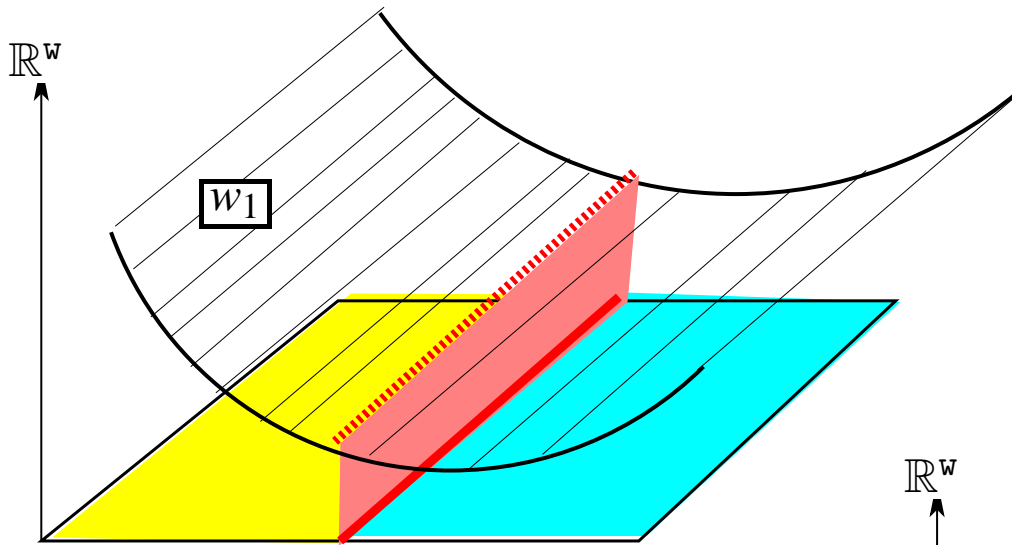


$S_0, S_1, S_2$  **disjoint**,  $S_0 \cup S_1 \cup S_2 = \mathbb{R}^n$ ,

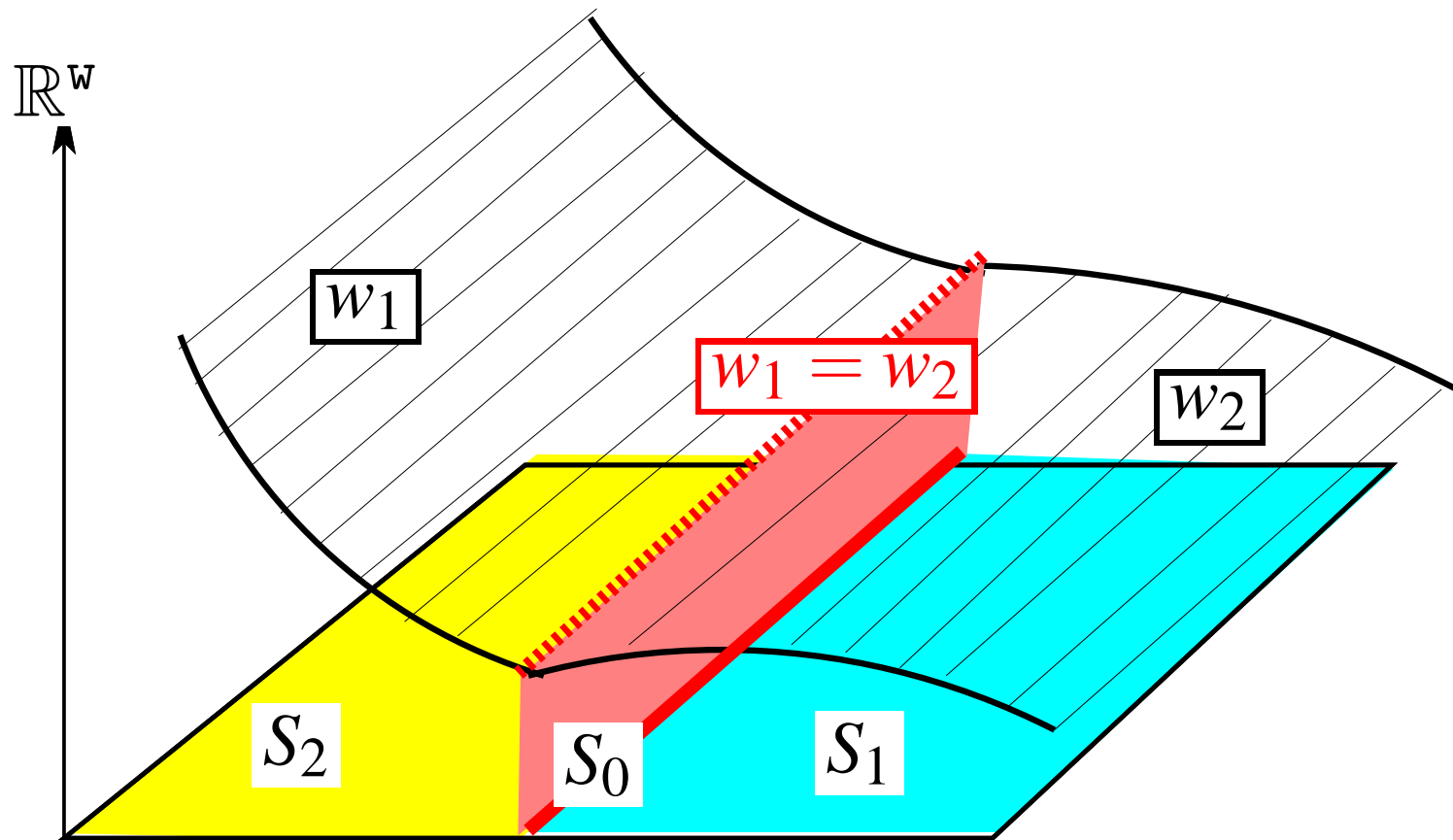
$S_1, S_2$  **open**,  $S_0$  **closed**.

$$\pi = (S_0, S_1, S_2).$$

# Concatenation



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$$\pi = (S_0, S_1, S_2), \quad w_1 \underset{\pi}{\wedge} w_2$$

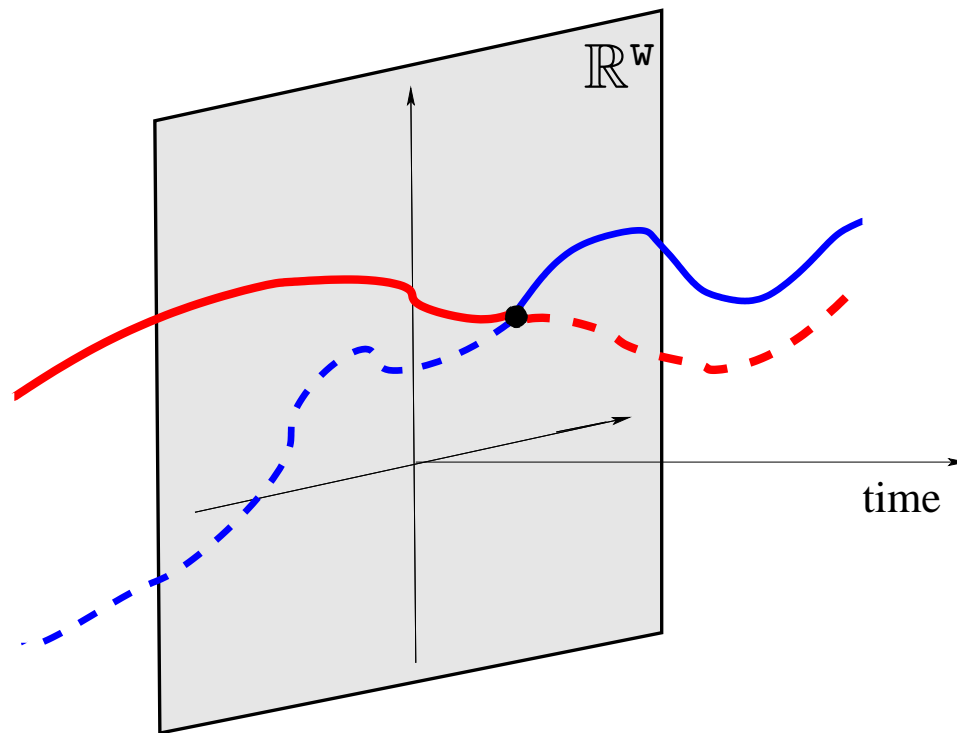


# Markov property

$\mathcal{B} \in \mathcal{L}$  is **Markov**  $:\Leftrightarrow$

$$\llbracket w_1, w_2 \in \mathcal{B} \rrbracket \Rightarrow \llbracket \forall \pi : w_1 \underset{\pi}{\wedge} w_2 \in \mathcal{B} \rrbracket$$

# Markov property for $n = 1$



## Partial results

- ▶ **First order  $\Rightarrow$  Markov,**
- ▶ **for  $n = 1$ , first order  $\Leftrightarrow$  Markov (P. Rapisarda),**
- ▶ **Markov  $\not\Rightarrow$  first order (P. Rocha),**
- ▶ **partial results for  $n = 2, w = 1$  (P. Rocha).**

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**What more than Markov is needed for first order?**